

Rozwiąż test, który znajdziesz poniżej. Odpowiedzi wpisz w dokument na komputerze lub wydrukuj test, uzupełnij go długopisem, a następnie zrób zdjęcie pracy i wyślij do mnie nie później niż do **26.05**.
na maila: bombay@interia.eu, lub na Messengera. Zadania wykonaj samodzielnie.

Functional language

1. Use the words in brackets to write sentences.

A: What about last weekend?

1 _____

(how / be / your / journey)?

B: It was terrible.

2 _____

(train / leave / 30 minutes late).

A: How awful!

3 _____ (you

/ get / a good seat)?

B: No, ⁴ _____ (I / have to / stand).

A: Did you have anything to eat?

B: No, ⁵ _____
(there / not be / any food / on the train).

A: It sounds like it was a terrible journey.

___ / 5

Vocabulary

2. Choose the correct words.

1 We went to the marketplace to **buy / set / meet** some souvenirs.

2 Let's **come / have / get** on the train. It leaves in a few minutes.

3 We're leaving early tomorrow, so I need to **set / pack / plan** my suitcase tonight.

4 What time will we **get / arrive / come** in York?

5 Don't worry. They'll **have / come / send** back home soon.

6 I can't wait to **come / set / get** off the train and walk around for a bit.

7 I'm going to **send / buy / pack** some postcards to my friends back in England.

___ / 7

3. Write the missing adjectives and extreme adjectives in the gaps below. The first letters are given.

1 happy – d _____

2 t _____ – exhausted

3 hot – b _____

4 small – t _____

5 b ____ – enormous

6 frightening – t _____

7 c ____ – freezing

8 good – a _____

___ / 8

Grammar

4. Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets in the present perfect or the past simple.

1 David lives next door. He _____ (be) my neighbour for three years.

2 I _____ (meet) them on holiday two years ago.

3 Oh, no! We're too late. We _____ (miss) our train.

4 I _____ (not visit) any museums yesterday.

5 My friend is in Scotland. I _____ (not see) him for two weeks.

6 They _____ (not be) at home last week.

7 It's her first ride. She _____ (not ride) a camel before.

8 He _____ (buy) the plane tickets an hour ago.

5. Use the words in brackets to write questions in the past simple or the present perfect.

1 _____ (you / ever / travel) on a ship?

2 _____ (Mr Black / take) them to the castle yesterday?

3 _____ (she / visit) this town before?

4 Where _____ (John's friends / be) yesterday afternoon?

5 Are you staying in Scotland now? How long _____ (you / be) there?

6 What _____ (they / do) last weekend?

___/ 6

6. Choose the correct answers.

1 I took ___ photos on the trip.

a) a little b) much c) a lot of

2 I haven't spent everything. I still have ___ money left.

a) many b) a little c) a few

3 We have invited ___ friends round for the weekend.

a) any b) some c) much

4 I'm afraid there aren't ___ buses at night.

___/ 8

a) some b) much c) any

5 How ___ time are we going to spend shopping?

a) much b) many c) a lot of

6 We visited ___ interesting places last summer.

a) any b) a few c) a little

___/ 6

Reading

A dangerous journey

Captain James Cook was an English explorer, navigator and map-maker. He became famous as the captain of the first European ship to visit the east coast of Australia. He was also the first European to reach the Hawaiian Islands and to sail around New Zealand. Cook was born in 1728 in the north-east of England. When he was 16, his father sent him to work in a shop. But he did not really enjoy selling things, so at the age of 18, he decided to become a sailor and began working on board local ships. He also studied navigation, map-making and astronomy which he needed to become a captain in the future. In 1755, he got an offer to be the captain of a merchant ship, but decided to join the Navy. Two years later, he passed his exams and left Trinity House, Deptford, which meant that he was now able to work as a navigator in the Royal Navy.

In 1763 and 1764, Cook sailed to North America and made the first maps of the coastline of Newfoundland, which is now part of Canada. However, Cook's most famous voyage was made between 1768 and 1771, when he sailed around the world. His ship left England on the 26th of August, 1768, and sailed south-west across the Atlantic and round Cape Horn in South America. Then it sailed across the Pacific Ocean and reached New Zealand on the 6th of October, 1769.

Cook and his crew were only the second group of Europeans to visit the country. Cook made

some maps of the New Zealand coastline and then sailed west to the south-east coast of Australia. Cook and his crew were the first Europeans ever to reach Australia's eastern coastline. They landed at the place which is now called Botany Bay. Cook's sailors gave the place this name because there were so many amazing plants and flowers there. Cook and his men finally returned to England on the 12th of July, 1771, almost three years after they set off on their incredible journey.

7. Read the text and choose the correct answers.

1 James Cook was most famous as a ____.

- a) map-maker
- b) navigator
- c) captain

2 Cook didn't stay in his job in the shop because ____.

- a) his father did not want it
- b) he didn't like it
- c) he had to join the Navy

3 Cook finished his study at Trinity House in ____.

- a) 1755
- b) 1756
- c) 1757

4 In the years 1768–1769, Cook and his crew sailed ____.

- a) from England to New Zealand
- b) round North America
- c) across three oceans

5 Cook and his men were the first Europeans to ____.

- a) reach New Zealand
- b) get to the east coast of Australia
- c) sail round Cape Horn

___/ 5

Writing

8. Write an email (about 100 words) to a friend and describe an awful plane journey that you've had. Use the questions below to help you.

1 What problem(s) did you have before the flight?

2 What did you do during the flight?

3 Why did the plane have to land at another airport?

4 How did you get to your hotel?

5 How did you feel after the journey?

___/ 10

Total score: ___/

